Explosion och gasutsläpp på en fabrik för produktion av fotogen.

911106 MARS 1991_09

Olyckan inträffade på en fabrik inom den organisk kemiska industrin under rutinmässig drift. En kylkrets var i drift och kondensorn arbetade för full kapacitet. Då en andra kondensor skulle startas upp hördes en explosion och ett vitt ammoniakmoln kunde både ses och luktas. Orsakerna till olyckan är inte fullt utredda. Kylkretsen nödstoppades och alla ventiler kring den skadade kondensorn stängdes. Personalen i kontrollrummet larmade räddningstjänsten som använde sig av vattengardiner för att kyla de utsatta delarna av anläggningen och begränsa spridningen av ammoniakångorna.

Inblandade ämnen och mängder

	CAS Nr.	Mängd
ammoniak	7664-41-7	1200 kg

Skador:

Människor:	6 personer skadades av ammoniakutsläppet.
Materiella:	Apparaturen skadades av explosionen.
Miljö/ekologi:	Inga effekter rapporterade.
Infrastruktur:	Inga

Erfarenheter redovisade (Ja/Nej): Ja

Kortfattat anges förebyggande åtgärder.

Report Profile

Identification of Report:

country: FA ident key: 1991_009_01

reported under Seveso I directive as major accident reports: SHORT+FULL

Date of Major Occurrence: Time of Major Occurrence

start: 1991-11-06 start:

finish: finish:

Establishment:

name:

address:

industry: 2001 general chemicals manufacture

Organic Chemical (Paraffine Production)

Seveso II status: not applicable: Yes art. 6 (notification): No

art. 7 (MAPP): No

art. 9 (safety report): No

Date of Report:

short: full:

Authority Reporting:

name:

address:

Authority Contact:

rep_cont_name:

rep_cont_phone:

rep_cont_fax:

Additional Comments:

- a) not applicable -
- b) not applicable -
- c) not applicable -
- d) not applicable -
- e) not applicable -

Short Report

country: FA ident key: 1991_009_01

Accident Types:

release: Yes explosion: Yes

water contamination: No other: No

fire: No

description:

SAFETY SYSTEMS OR OPERATORS INTERVENTION:... see Appendix Short Report / description of accident types

Substance(s) Directly Involved:

toxic: Yes explosive: Yes

ecotoxic: No other: No

flammable: Yes

description:

- Ammonia (C.A.S. CODE: 7664-41-7, E.E.C. CODE: 007-001-00-5): amount involved = 1,200 Kg.

Immediate Sources of Accident:

storage: No transfer: No

process: Yes other: No

description:

The accident occurred during normal operation in an organic chemical industry for paraffine's production. The

system involved was the cooling circuit. When the accident occurred the cooling circuit was in service and the

condenser was opera... see Appendix Short Report / description of immediate sources

Suspected Causes:

plant or equipment: No environmental: No

human: No other: Yes

description:

CAUSES:... see Appendix Short Report / description of suspected causes

Immediate Effects:

material loss: Yes

human deaths: No

human injuries: Yes community disruption: No

other: No

ecological harm: No

national heritage loss: No

description:

EFFECTS ON PEOPLE:... see Appendix Short Report / description of immediate effects

Emergency Measures taken:

on-site systems: Yes decontamination: No

external services: No restoration: No

sheltering: No other: No

evacuation: No

description:

INTERNAL TO THE ESTABLISHMENT ... see Appendix Short Report / description of emergency measures taken

Immediate Lessons Learned:

prevention: Yes other: No

mitigation: Yes

description:

MEASURES TO PREVENT ANY RECURRENCE OF SIMILAR ACCIDENTS see Appendix Short Report / description of

immediate lessons learned

A Occurrence Full Report

country: FA ident key: 1991_009_01

1 Type of Accident

remarks: The cooling circuit was in service and the condenser was operating at full power. After starting the operation of a second condenser with open suction and delivery valves, an explosion was heard by the personnel in control room. Further a w... see Appendix Full Report A / type of accident

2 Dangerous Substances

remarks: The total establishment and the potential directly involved inventories of ammonia refer to the amount relased during the accident. From the Original Report it is not fully clear if ammonia is a starting material or not.

3 Source of Accident

illustration: - not applicable -

remarks: The accident occurred during normal operation in an organic chemical industry for paraffine's production (code 2001). The system involved was the cooling circuit (code 3104). When the accident occurred the cooling circuit was in service and... see Appendix Full Report A / source of accident remarks

4 Meteorological Conditions

precipitation none: fog: rain: hail: snow:

No No Yes No No

wind speed (m/s):

direction (from): W N W

stability (Pasquill):

ambient temperature (∞C):

remarks: Rainy. Wind intensity about 4 azs. Wind from West/NorthWest.

5 Causes of Major Occurrence

main causes

technical / physical 5501 other: not identified

- not applicable -
- not applicable -
- not applicable -
- not applicable -

human / organizational - not applicable -

- not applicable -
- not applicable -
- not applicable -
- not applicable -

remarks: The causes of failure have not fully identified (code 5501). When the Original Report was

prepared, two theories were checked: a water hammer (of condensed water); mechanical

failure of one of the components (the material of the condenser w... see Appendix Full

Report A / causes of major occurrence

6 Discussion about the Occurrence

- not applicable -

Type of Accident country: FA ident key: 1991_009_01

event:

major occurrence 1101 release: gas/vapour/mist/etc release to air

initiating event 1101 release: gas/vapour/mist/etc release to air

associated event - not applicable -

Dangerous substances

country: FA ident key: 1991_009_01

a) total establishment inventory

CAS number: 7664-41-7 identity: Ammonia

name from Seveso I Directive: - not applicable -

name from Seveso II Directive: - not applicable -

category from Seveso II: - not applicable -

other hazards (1): - not applicable -

other hazards (2): - not applicable -

maximum quantity (tonnes): 1,2

use of substance as: STARTING MATERIAL

b) substance belongs to relevant inventory directly involved: Yes

actual quantity: 1,2 potential quantity: 1,2

c) substance belongs to relevant inventory indirectly involved: No

actual quantity: -1 indir_pot_quant: -1

Source of Accident - Situation country: FA ident key: 1991_009_01

situation

industry
inititating event 2001 general chemicals manufacture
associated event - not applicable activity/unit
major occurrence 3104 process: physical operations (mixing, melting crystallizing, etc.)
inititating event 3104 process: physical operations (mixing, melting crystallizing, etc.)
associated event - not applicable component
major occurrence 4009 heat exchanger (boiler, refrigerator, heating coils, etc.)
inititating event 4009 heat exchanger (boiler, refrigerator, heating coils, etc.)
associated event - not applicable -

B Consequences Full Report

country: FA ident key: 1991_009_01

1 Area concerned

affected

extent of effects installation: Yes

establishment: Yes

off-site; local: No

off-site; regional: No

off-site; transboundary: No

illustration of effects - not applicable -

remarks In the Original Report there is no evidence of significant effects outside the e... see Appendix

Full Report B / area concerned - remarks

2 People

establishment popul. emergency personnel off-site population

total at risk

immediate fatalities

subsequent fatalities

hospitalizing injuries 6

other serious injuries

health monitoring

remarks Inside the establishment 6 people were injured by the ammonia release see Appendix Full

Report B / people

3 Ecological Harm

pollution/contamination/damage of:

- residential area (covered by toxic cloud) Suspected
- common wild flora/fauna (death or elimination) Suspected
- rare or protected flora/fauna (death or elimination) Suspected
- water catchment areas and supplies for consumption or recreation Suspected
- land (with known potential for long term ecological harm or Suspected

preventing human access or activities)

- marine or fresh water habitat Suspected
- areas of high conservation value or given special protection Suspected

remarks In the Original Report there is no evidence of significant ecological harms beca... see Appendix

Full Report B / ecological harm

4 National Heritage Loss

effects on:

- historical sites not applicable - historic monuments not applicable

- historic buildings not applicable - art treasures not applicable

remarks No data available.

5 Material Loss

establishment losses off site losses

costs (direct costs to operator) (social costs)

in ECU ECU

material losses

response, clean up, restoration

remarks The explosion caused damages to the condenser but no data are available about th... see Appendix

Full Report B / material loss

6 Disruption of Community Life

establishment/plant evacuated disabled/unoccupiable destroyed

- nearby residences/hotels No No No

- nearby factories/offices/small shops No No No
- schools, hospitals, institutions No No No

- other places of public assembly No No No

interruption of utilities etc. no / yes duration

- gas No

- electricity No

- water No

- sewage treatment works No
- telecommunications No
- main roads No
- railways No
- waterways No
- air transport No

significant public concern none local level national level

- off site populations Yes No No
- media interest No No No
- political interest No No No

remarks In the Original Report there is no evidence of significant effects outside the e... see Appendix

7 Discussion of Consequences

C Response Full Report

country: FA ident key: 1991_009_01

1 Emergency Measures

taken - on site - not applicable - - not applicable -

- not applicable - - not applicable -

- not applicable - not applicable -
- off site not applicable - not applicable -
- not applicable - not applicable -
- not applicable - not applicable -

still - on site - not applicable - - not applicable -

required

- not applicable - - not applicable -

- not applicable - - not applicable -

- off site not applicable - not applicable -
- not applicable - not applicable -
- not applicable - not applicable -

continuing contamination or danger

-on site not applicable

-off site not applicable

remarks - not applicable -

2 Seveso II Duties

pre-accident evaluation

Article item not due yet not done done/submitted evaluated

6 notification No No No No

7 policy (MAPP) No No No No

9 safety report No No No No 9, 10, 11 update No No No No 11 internal plan No No No No 11 external plan No No No No 13 informing public No No No No 9, 12 siting policy No No No No post-accident evaluation Seveso II duty was actual were actual compared with actual contingency consequences consequences, the addressed? addressed? predicted extent was? Article item 7 policy (MAPP) not applicable not applicable not applicable 9 current safety report not applicable not applicable not applicable 11 internal plan not applicable not applicable not applicable 11 external plan not applicable not applicable not applicable 13 informing public not applicable not applicable not applicable 9, 12 siting policy not applicable not applicable not applicable evaluation of safety organisation organisational element element existed did element relate to actual circumstances of yes / no no / partly / yes adequate? - written policy objectives No - specified management No structure - specified responsibilities No - specified working procedures No - specified procedures for No assessment/auditing of management system - specified procedures for No review and update of management policy - specified general training No procedures - specified emergency No training procedures evaluation of ecological impact control

organisational element element existed did element relate to actual circumstances of

yes / no no / partly / yes adequate?

- ecological status review No

before incident

- potential ecological No

consequences assessment

- ecological impact review No

after incident

- ecological restoration No

procedures

- subsequent review of No

restoration success

remarks - not applicable -

3 Official Action Taken

legal action

- not applicable -

other official action

- not applicable -

4 Lessons Learned

measures to prevent recurrence

After the accident, the follow... see Appendix Full Report C / lesson learned - prevent

measures to mitigate consequences:

After the accident, the follow ... see Appendix Full Report C / lesson learned - mitigate

useful references:

- not applicable -

5 Discussion about Response

- not applicable -

Appendices for the FA / 1991_009_01 report

Appendix Short Report / description of accident types:

SAFETY SYSTEMS OR OPERATORS INTERVENTION:

The emergency shut-down of cooling circuit was activated. When the accident occurred alarms were not in operation.

ENVIRONMENTAL AND ATMOSPHERIC CONDITIONS:

Rainy. Wind intensity about 4 azs. Wind from West/NorthWest.

ACCIDENT CASE HISTORY DESCRIPTION:

The cooling circuit was in service and the condenser was operating at full power. After starting the operation of a second condenser with open suction and delivery valves, an explosion was heard by the personnel in control room. Further a white vapour cloud smelling of ammonia was observed. The emergency shut-down of cooling circuit was activated.

Appendix Short Report / description of immediate sources:

The accident occurred during normal operation in an organic chemical industry for paraffine's production. The system involved was the cooling circuit. When the accident occurred the cooling circuit was in service and the condenser was operating at full power.

Appendix Short Report / description of suspected causes:

CAUSES:

The causes of failure have not fully identified. When the Original Report was prepared, two theories were checked:

1- a water hammer (of condensed water);

2- mechanical failure of one of the components (the material of the condenser was tested).

Appendix Short Report / description of immediate effects:

EFFECTS ON PEOPLE:

Inside the establishment 6 people were injured by the ammonia release.

MATERIAL LOSS:

The explosion caused damages to the condenser but no data are available about the cost of the material losses.

Appendix Short Report / description of emergency measures taken:

INTERNAL TO THE ESTABLISHMENT:

The fire brigade was alarmed and intervened putting on a water curtain around the cooling machine room in order to avoid ammonia dispersion. The emergency shut-down of cooling circuit was activated. All valves around the damaged condenser were closed.

Appendix Short Report / description of immediate lessons learned:

MEASURES TO PREVENT ANY RECURRENCE OF SIMILAR ACCIDENTS:

After the accident, the following measures were established:

- 1- inspection of the other condensers of the cooling circuit;
- 2- temperature in machine room during low external temperatures to be kept at a value sufficient to avoid condensate formation in the stand-by components;
- 3- inspection of the pressure side of non-return valve;
- 4- shutting of the vertical condenser against the condensate return.

MEASURES TO MITIGATE THE EFFECTS OF THE ACCIDENT:

After the accident, the following measures were established:

1- installation of sensor elements to detect ammonia;

2- installation of sprinklers above windows and doors in order to avoid ammonia dispersion.

Appendix Full Report A / type of accident:

The cooling circuit was in service and the condenser was operating at full power. After starting the operation of a second condenser with open suction and delivery valves, an explosion was heard by the personnel in control room. Further a white vapour cloud smelling of ammonia was observed (code 1101). From the Original Report it is not fully clear which kind of explosion occurred.

Appendix Full Report A / source of accident - remarks:

The accident occurred during normal operation in an organic chemical industry for paraffine's production (code 2001). The system involved was the cooling circuit (code 3104). When the accident occurred the cooling circuit was in service and the condenser was operating at full power (code 4009).

Appendix Full Report A / causes of major occurrence:

The causes of failure have not fully identified (code 5501). When the Original Report was prepared, two theories were checked: a water hammer (of condensed water); mechanical failure of one of the components (the material of the condenser was tested).

Appendix Full Report B / area concerned - remarks:

In the Original Report there is no evidence of significant effects outside the establishment because the fire brigade put on a water curtain around the cooling machine room in order to avoid ammonia dispersion.

Appendix Full Report B / people:

Inside the establishment 6 people were injured by the ammonia release.

Appendix Full Report B / ecological harm:

In the Original Report there is no evidence of significant ecological harms because the fire brigade put on a water curtain around the cooling machine room in order to avoid ammonia dispersion.

Appendix Full Report B / material loss:

The explosion caused damages to the condenser but no data are available about the cost of the material losses.

Appendix Full Report B / disruption of community life:

In the Original Report there is no evidence of significant effects outside the establishment because the fire brigade put on a water curtain around the cooling machine room in order to avoid ammonia dispersion.

Appendix Full Report C / lesson learned - prevent:

After the accident, the following measures were established:

- 1- inspection of the other condensers of the cooling circuit;
- 2- temperature in machine room during low external temperatures to be kept at a value sufficient to avoid condensate formation in the stand-by components;
- 3- inspection of the pressure side of non-return valve;

4- shutting of the vertical condenser against the condensate return.

Appendix Full Report C / lesson learned - mitigate:

After the accident, the following measures were established:

- 1- installation of sensor elements to detect ammonia;
- 2- installation of sprinklers above windows and doors in order to avoid ammonia dispersion.